

KALOJI NARAYANA RAO UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES
TELANGANA, WARANGAL – 506 002

BAMS FIRST PROFESSIONAL DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: MARCH, 2026

PADARTHA VIGYAN

Paper-II

(Fundamental Principles of Ayurveda and Quantum Mechanics)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer all questions

Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary with Black Ball point pen/ HB

Pencil / any dark colour Pencil.

Write all of the following Multiple Choice Questions:

20 X 1 = 20

1. The investigator is also known as ?
 - a) Prama
 - b) Pramata
 - c) Prameya
 - d) Pramana
2. Nigamana is one of
 - a) Linga
 - b) Hetu
 - c) Pancha avayava vakhya
 - d) Pramana
3. The fourth pramana told by Acharya Charaka is
 - a) Pratyaksha
 - b) Yukti
 - c) Aptopadesha
 - d) Upamana
4. Number of Pratyaksha bhadakara bhavas.
 - a) 4
 - b) 5
 - c) 7
 - d) 8
5. Rajas tamobhyam nirmuktha mentions
 - a) Apta
 - b) Pramata
 - c) Deva
 - d) Asura
6. Upamana is accepted as a Pramana by
 - a) Sushruta
 - b) Agnivehsa
 - c) Charaka
 - d) Vagbhatta
7. Number of Laukika sannikarshas
 - a) 12
 - b) 6
 - c) 8
 - d) 7
8. A tree has grown from its seed- this is an example of what anumana
 - a) Poorvavad anumana
 - b) Sheshavad anumana
 - c) Samanyato anumana
 - d) Parartha anumana
9. Which pramana is accepted in the case of Dhanustamba
 - a) Pratyaksha
 - b) Yukti
 - c) Anumana
 - d) Upamana

10. Who proposed Swartha and Parartha anumana?
a) Charaka
b) Tarka sangraha
c) Dalhana
d) Sushruta
11. Linga is of types?
a) 5
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
12. By the union of Shad dhatu, garbha is formed – this is an example of
a) Yukti
b) Pareeksha
c) Upamana
d) Anumana
13. Yatra yatra dhooma tatra tatra vanhi iti sahacharyo niyama
a) Hetu
b) Linga
c) Paksha
d) Vyapthi
14. Vibhaga-vid is a quality of
a) Pramata
b) Apta
c) Vyakarana
d) Asiddha
15. Tila matra tila kalaaka is an example of
a) Pramana
b) Upamana
c) Anumana
d) Yukti
16. Asad akaranad is a principle of
a) Asadkarya vaada
b) Satkarya vaada
c) Vivarta vada
d) Shoonya vaada
17. When cause continues to remain in effect, it is called as
a) Asamavayi karana
b) Samavayi karana
c) Nimitta karana
d) All of the above
18. Parinaama vaada was given by
a) Nyaaya
b) Baudhha
c) Vaisheshika
d) Sankya
19. Before the manifestation of universe, there was only void- this was said by
a) Nyaaya vaisheshika
b) Advaitam
c) Nihilism
d) None of the above
20. The atomic level of transformation was accepted by?
a) Vaisheshika
b) Nyaaya
c) Sankya
d) None of the above

Write a short essay on the following:

8 X 5 = 40

21. Define Pratyaksha and explain the types of Indriya-Artha Sannikarshas

22. What is Aptopadesha? Write its practical utility in Ayurveda.

23. Explain the Shakthi Graham Hetus.
24. What is Hetvabhasa? Explain its types.
25. Define Upamana Pramana and write its application
26. Justify Yukti as a Pramana
27. Explain the Svabhavoparama Vaada
28. Write in detail about Peelu Paaka and Pithara Paaka.

Write an essay on the following:

4 X 10 = 40

29. Define Pareeksha and classify Pareeksha according to various scholars.
30. Define Anumana and its types according to different scholars
31. What is Kaarana? Explain its types and write the importance of Karya-Karana siddantha
32. Give an account on Satkarya vaada, and explain the Indriya Pancha Panchakas.
