

**FUNDAMENTALS OF CLINICAL MEDICINE IN HOMOEOPATHIC
PHARMACY**

PAPER II

Time: 3 Hours.

Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer all questions.

Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary.

Problem based question:

1 X 20 = 20

1. A 55 year old patient presents with progressive dyspnoea associated with anxiety, orthopnoea and recurrent episodes of nocturnal breathlessness. Clinical evaluation reveals underlying cardiopulmonary pathology. In this context:
 - a) Describe the etiopathogenesis of dyspnoea from a modern medical perspective.
 - b) Analyse the mechanism involved in the development of dyspnoea in a cardiac and respiratory disorders

Long answer questions:

4 X 10 = 40

2. Report the types and causes of medication errors that may occur during case taking in a patient.
3. Explain the etiopathogenesis of sleep disorders and outline the homoeopathic management with reference to posology.
4. Explain the etiopathogenesis of cyanosis and correlate it with its homoeopathic understanding.
5. Explain the etiopathogenesis of gastrointestinal bleeding and analyse it from a miasmatic perspective in Homoeopathy.

Short answer questions:

8 X 5 = 40

6. Enumerate the common types of eating disorders and outline their homoeopathic approach to management.
7. Outline the clinical features of anaemia and explain its homoeopathic approach to management.
8. Enumerate the common lower urinary tract symptoms.
9. Explain hirsutism and analyse it from a miasmatic perspective.
10. Describe Arsenicum album with reference to its active principle and its role in the management of eruptions.
11. Explain the principle and clinical significance of the Widal test.
12. TORCH profile shows positive IgG for Toxoplasma and negative IgM. Interpret the result.
13. USG pelvis reveals enlarged ovaries with multiple peripheral follicles. Provide your interpretation.