

PAPER CODE: MDH20241602

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MD HOMOEOPATHY PART I DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL 2026
FUNDAMENTALS OF HOMOEOPATHY IN PEDIATRICS
PAPER II

Time: 3 Hours.

Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer all questions.

Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary.

Problem based question:

1 X 20 = 20

1. A 5-year old child presents with recurrent and intermittent fever. The physician plans to use regional repertories for case analysis. Explain the construction and use of regional repertories in case taking and management with examples such as Bell's diarrhoea, Allens fever, Boericke's and Phatak's repertories. (5+5+5+5)

Long answer questions:

4 X 10 = 40

2. Explain the concept of vaccination and the homoeopathic understanding of vaccinosis.
3. Explain the concept of an unprejudiced physician in homoeopathic practice and discuss the importance of self awareness and understanding physician-patient interaction.
4. Explain the art of creating the portrait of polychrest remedies through analysis, evaluation and construction at the levels of mind, physical generals and particulars in homoeopathic materia medica.
5. Explain the concept of generalisation versus individualisation in Homoeopathy and discuss its utility in generalising individual drug symptoms into group symptoms and deriving group characteristics.

Short answer questions:

8 X 5 = 40

6. Explain the concept of physiological and anatomical materia medica and their significance in homoeopathic practice.
7. Explain how the knowledge of indications of anti miasmatic remedies is utilized in homoeopathic case management.
8. Discuss the utility of knowledge of diseases, investigationa and recent advances in medicine for assessing the comprehensive response to homoeopathic remedies.
9. Explain the various parameters used to determine susceptibility in acute and chronic illnesses in the neonatal and paediatric age group.
10. Differentiate the concept of totality of symptoms according to James Tyler Kent and Clemens von Boenninghausen.
11. Explain how similar remedies can be differentiated by referring to source books, commentaries and clinical homoeopathic materia medica.
12. Explain the role of homoeopathic repertory software such as Hompath and RadarOpus in case analysis and repertorisation.
13. Explain the process and system of recording artificial and natural diseases in homoeopathic case taking.
